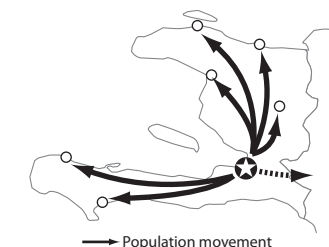
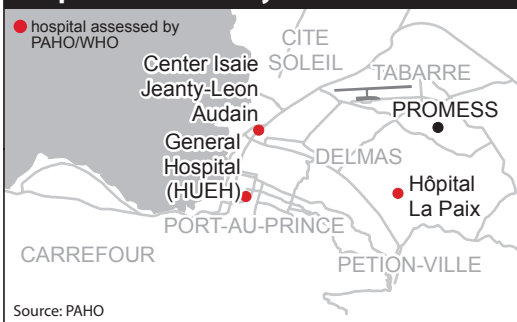


3,725,615 people living in the areas affected by the earthquakes (est.)²

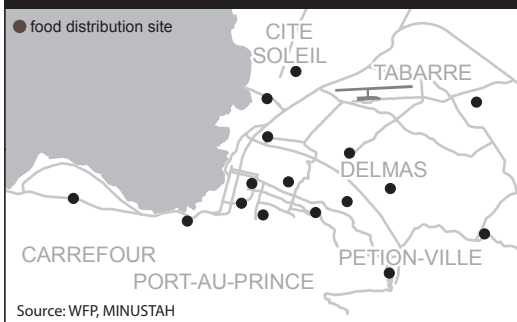
482,349 who left Port-au-Prince for rural areas¹



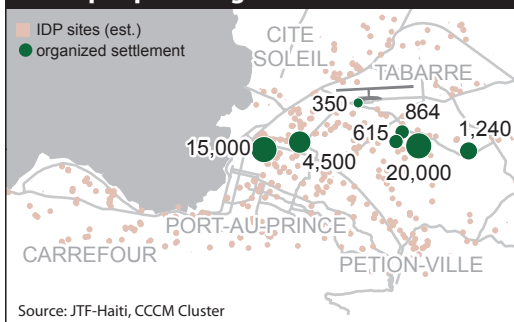
Hospitals assessed by PAHO/WHO



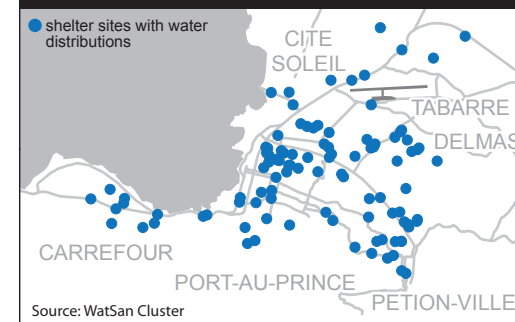
WFP Fixed Distribution Sites



No. of people in organized settlements



Shelter sites with water distributions



Health

700,000 in need of primary health care and epidemiological surveillance³

250,000 children under 7 living in IDP sites to be vaccinated³

196,000 injured to be immunized against tetanus³

274 organizations⁴

Update (3 Feb 2010)

- Vaccination campaign started in hospitals and temporary settlements on 2 Feb.³
- PAHO/WHO has begun an assessment of major health facilities in Port-au-Prince affected by the earthquake. The assessment is looking at medical equipment available in these facilities and whether or not it is in working condition. The final report of this assessment mission should be ready at the end of this week.⁵

Food

2,000,000 in need of food⁶

1,000,000 reached by WFP⁷

16 fixed distribution sites⁷

8 NGO partners for WFP surge operation with support from MINUSTAH and US forces⁷

Update (3 Feb 2010)

- More than 460,000 people were reached since 31 January through the new fixed distribution sites set up across Port-au-Prince. 600,000 reached prior to the surge.⁷
- WFP is aiming to deliver a 25kg rice ration to at least two million people across the city over a two-week period.⁷
- Beneficiaries are given coupons carrying a date and distribution point where they can be exchanged for a rice ration.⁷

Shelter/Non-Food Items (NFIs)

1,100,000 homeless⁸

692,000 people displaced in Port-au-Prince⁹

591 improvised settlements⁹

55 organizations⁸

Update (4 Feb 2010)

- The focus is shifting to the urgent need for transitional shelter that can tide people through the upcoming rainy season. This would include tarpaulins, plastic sheeting, tools and ropes that provide more weather-proof and durable shelter.⁸
- Seven organized settlements are up and running, one of them covering over 20,000 persons.¹⁰

Water and Sanitation

532,000 people with access to water¹¹

25,000 portable toilets are necessary to support 500,000 people in Port-au-Prince¹¹

294 water distribution points¹¹

35 organizations¹²

Update (2 Feb 2010)

- The highest priority for the cluster remains sanitation and the strengthening of monitoring systems for sanitation activities. So far, 750 pit latrines have been built by cluster partners in Port-au-Prince, Jacmel, and Léogâne and about 100 portable toilets have been installed.¹¹

Reference sources:

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2. OCHA. Haiti Earthquake Flash Appeal 2010. 15 Jan 2010.
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4. Health Cluster. 3W spreadsheet. 30 Jan 2010.
5. PAHO. Emergency Operations Center Situation Report #18. 2 Feb 2010.
6. WFP. Haiti Emergency page. accessed on 29 Jan 2010.
7. WFP. Haiti emergency webpage. accessed on 4 Feb 2010.
8. IOM. Providing Transitional Shelter for Haitians as Distribution of Shelter Material Gradually Increases. 2 Feb 2010.
9. IOM. Improving Conditions for Displaced in Haiti's Spontaneous Settlements. 25 Jan 2010.
10. CCCM Cluster. Planned settlements - set up - on going - pending spreadsheet. 4 Feb 2010.
11. OCHA. Situation report #17. 3 Feb 2010.
12. Wash Cluster. Wash Cluster Update. 27 Jan 2010.

Basemap sources: MINUSTAH GIS and UNCS, CNIGS.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.